Increasing Slum Clusters in Cities

†1988. SHRI JANESHWAR MISRA: WM the Minister of URBAN EMPLOYMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in most Indian cities, the number of slum clusters and the population living therein has been increasing constantly;

(b) if so, the number of slum clusters in the capitals of various States and the population living therein, city-wise; and

(c) the action being taken by Government to provide civic amenities in these slum clusters?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN EMPLOYMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION (SHRI SUKHDEV SINGH DHINDSA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The information was reported by the Planning Commission's report of the Working Group on Slums as per 1991 estimated slum population and the compendium of slums 1996 compiled by the Town and Country Planning Organisation is as per Statement *{See* below).

(c) In August, 1996 the scheme of National Slum Development Programme (NSDP) was introduced to provide Additional Central

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

Assistance (ACA) to States/UTs for the Development of Urban Slums. The ACA released under this scheme can be utilised to provide physical amenities like water supply, storm water drains, community infrastructure, community primary health care, social amentities like pre-school education, adult education, maternity and child health and primary health care etc. It also has a provision for shelter upgradation. Under this scheme, during the year 1996-97, 1997-98 and 1998-99 an amount of Rs. 250.01, Rs. 200.90 and Rs. 353.57 crores respectively were released by the Central Government to all States/UTs. For the year 1999-2000, Planning Commission has allocated an amount of Rs. 385.08 crores out of which upto November' 99 Ministry of Finance has released an amount of Rs. 238.59 crores to States.

Statement

Number and Estimated Population of the Urban Slums in the Capital Cities of the States/UTs (Provisional)

S. No.	Capital of States/UTs	Total No. of Urban Slums (In Nos.)	Slum Population 1991 Census (In Nos.)
1.	Hyderabad (MC+OG)	662	798063
2.	Guwahati City	N.A.	175300*
3.	Patna (M. Corp+OG)	76	N.A.
4.	Panaji (M.CI)	1	3500
5.	Ahmedabad (MC+OG)	770	407555
6.	Shimla	N.A.	34200*
7.	Srinagar	N.A.	N.A.

SI. No	Capital of States/UTs	Total No. of Urban Slums (In Nos.)	Slum Population 1991 Census (In Nos.)
8.	Bangalore (MC+OG)	97	107635
9.	Trivandurm (C)	24	20213
10.	Bhopal (MC)	166	395662
11.	Greater Bombay (M.Corp.)	1068	2343139
12.	Imphal	N.A.	21300*
13.	Shillong	N.A.	42000*
14.	Aizwal	N.A.	27900*
15.	Kohima	N.A.	9255*
16.	Bhubaneshwar	N.A.	37700*
17.	Jaipur	N.A.	441800*
18.	Madras (M. Corp.)	588	223330
19.	Agartala	N.A.	25000*
20.	Lucknow (M. Corp.)	44	75956
21.	Calcutta (MC)	2011	2135000
22.	Port Blair	N.A.	34932*
23.	Chandigarh	N.A.	161200*
24.	Pondicherry (M)	43	18525
25.	Delhi Municipal Corporation (Urban) (M. Corp.)	N.A.	1800000
	TOTAL	5550	9339165

SOURCE: Report of the Working Group on Slums—Planning Commission, Govt, of India. * 1991 estimated slum population: A compendium on urban slums 1996—TCPO.